



R26 Preservation Of High Traffic Volume Roadways

MnROAD Concrete Pavement Preservation

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MnDOT Concrete Pavement Preservation

MnDOT history:

Long and successful performance with CPR methods

- Partial-depth repairs
- Full-depth repairs
- Diamond grinding

Benefit of MnROAD facility:

Ability to take risks and easily monitor performance

- Innovate load transfer devices
- Innovative repair materials
- Innovative surface restoration techniques
- Quantified loadings and environmental effects



MnROAD Cold Regions Pavement Testing Facility

Interstate Mainline

3.5 miles

Traffic: I-94 Public

29,700 (2013) AADT

13% (2013) HCAADT

PCC = ~ 1.2 Million ESALs/year

HMA = ~ 0.8 Million ESALs/year

Low Volume Road

2.5 miles closed loop

Traffic: MnROAD 5-axle Semi

Inside Lane: 80,000 lbs, 5 days/week

Outside Lane: No loads (environmental effects)

Average 60 laps \approx 225 ESALs per day



SHRP2 R26 Table 2.1

Common Pavement Preservation Treatments

- **Joint resealing** ←
- Crack sealing
- **Diamond grinding** ←
- **Diamond grooving**
- **Pavement Patching** ←
 - Partial-depth
 - Full-depth
- **Dowel bar retrofit** ←
- **Thin PCC overlay** ←
- Ultrathin bonded wearing course
- Thin HMA overlay
- Drainage preservation



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Partial depth

In 2011, repairs needed for 7 mainline test cells

- Cells 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 63, 96 → 141 repairs in total
- Shallow deterioration along transverse and longitudinal joints
- 1993 MnDOT mixes (higher w/cm)
- 17 years to 1st patching typical for older MnDOT mixes



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Partial depth

Prep

- Mill – rotary machine
- Jackhammer
- Sandblast
- Clean
- Prime with slurry of cement, sand, and water (if needed)



Patching

- Manufacturer/MnDOT installation
- Cure under plastic for one week



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Partial depth

Patch materials

- 18 cement/epoxy based
- 3 asphalt based
- MnDOT 3U18 control



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Partial depth



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Full depth

Joint repairs to evaluate innovative dowels

- Cell 12 – mainline, 9.5” design
- Cell 32 – LVR, 5” design
- Cell 38 – LVR, 6” design

Innovative dowels

- Plate dowels
 - PNA CoVex™
- Corrosion resistant dowels
 - CRT Long Life™ dowels



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Full depth

6" Cell 38 – Oct 2010 installation

- PNA CoVex, 3/8" thick plates
- Fiber-reinforced ready mix PCC



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Full depth

9.5” Cell 12 – Oct 2013 installation

- PNA CoVex, $\frac{3}{4}$ ” thick plates
- Fiber-reinforced ready mix PCC



MnROAD Pavement Patching – Full depth

9.5" Cell 12 – June 2014 installation

- CRT Long Life™ dowels, 1" and 1.5" diameter FRP clad steel



MnROAD Pavement Preservation

5" Cell 32 – Oct 2013 repairs

Prior condition:

- Cracked panels
- Significantly faulted (undoweled) joints
- History of pumping of base material

Repairs:

- Full-depth partial panel replacements
- PNA CoVex, 3/8" thick plates around perimeter
- Retrofit plate dowels
- Retrofit 3/4" diameter standard epoxy coated dowels
- Diamond grinding to remove faulted joints
- Reseal joints and edge of repairs



MnROAD Pavement Preservation

5" Cell 32 – Oct 2013 repairs



MnROAD Pavement Preservation

5" Cell 32 – Oct 2013 repairs



MnROAD PCC Surface Restoration

Diamond grinding

Cells 7, 8, 9, 70, 71, 32, 37, 39 (Pervious PCC)

- Traditional
- Innovative
- NGCS



MnROAD Thin PCC Overlays

**21 different thin concrete overlay test sections
since 1997**

Cells 39, 60-63, 92-97, 105-605, 160, 162, 140, 240

- Thin bonded concrete overlay of asphalt (BCOA, aka whitetopping)
- Thin unbonded concrete overlay of concrete (UBOL)
- Thin bonded pervious concrete overlay of concrete



MnROAD Thin PCC Overlays

Thin BCOA (Whitetopping) variables studied

- Thickness
 - 3", 4", 5" 6"
- Panel size
 - 4'x4', 5'L x 6'W, 6'x6', 10'L x 12'W
- Joints
 - Doweled, undoweled, reduced dowels
 - Sealed, unsealed
- Fiber PCC
 - Shrinkage, structural

Repairs

- Full panel
- Partial-depth joint
- Diamond grinding



MnROAD Thin PCC Overlays

Thin UBOL – variables studied

- Thickness
 - 3", 4", 5"
- Panel size
 - 6' x 6', 6'L x 6.5'W, 6'L x 7'W, 15'L x 13'W, 15'L x 14'W
- Interlayer
 - PASSRC, standard nonwoven geotextile, thin nonwoven geotextile
- Fiber PCC
 - Structural

Repairs

- Retrofit plate dowels



MnROAD Thin PCC Overlays

Ultrathin unbonded concrete overlay of concrete

- Cells 140, 240 – constructed June 2013
- Thickness = 3"
- Panel size = 6' x 6'
- Interlayer = standard nonwoven geotextile, thin nonwoven geotextile
- Fiber PCC = Structural



MnROAD Joint Resealing

Evaluating effectiveness of penetrating sealers

- Test joints part of pooled fund TPF 5(224)
[Joint deterioration in PCC]
- Penetrating sealants applied to MnROAD transverse joints
 - Cells 8 & 9 (20 years old)
 - Cell 505 (2 years old)
- Silane/Siloxane
- Similar studies being conducted in Michigan and Indiana



MnROAD Joint Resealing

Fall 2013, applied Silane/Siloxane to transverse joints
in MnROAD Cells 8 and 9 (7.5" PCC on PASB)

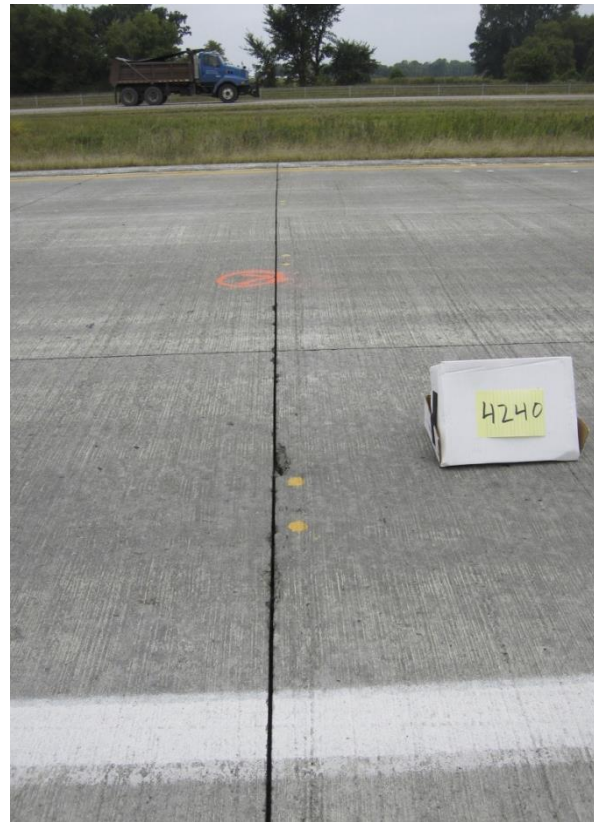


- Minor MRD distress along joints
- Removed and reinstalled silicone joint sealant



MnROAD Joint Resealing

Fall 2013, applied Silane/Siloxane to transverse joints
in MnROAD Cell 505 (5" UBOL on fabric)



Unsealed joints in excellent condition



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